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#### YUGOSLAVIA SETS UP PHENOLOGICAL SERVICE

A phenological service was established in the Vojvodina 1 March 1951 as part of the phenological service network organized by the agrometeorological section of the federal Hydrometeorological Service Administration, which operates through the republic hydrometeorological service administrations. The following phenological stations were established in the Vojvodina: the Novi Sad, Backi Petrovac, Backa Palanka, Vrtas, Srbobran, Stara Moravica, Sombor, and Palic stations in Backa; the Bela Crkva, Vrsac, Susara, Kovin, Pancevo, Zrenjanin, Jasa Tomic, Kikinda, Coka, and Novi Knezevac stations in the Banat; and the Zemunsko Polje, Sremski Karlovci, Irig, Ruma, Sremska Mitrovica, and Sid stations in Srem. All stations have the same functions, but there is a slight difference in reporting procedures.

The phenological stations in Novi Sad, Vrbas, Sombor, Palic, Kikinda, Zrenjanin, Vrsac, Susara, and Sremska Mitrovica are considered typical, and will, therefore, forward brief reports every 10 days, in addition to regular quarterly reports. These reports are necessary for the operation of the agrometeorological service, which must have a constant clear picture of phenological phenomena in the field and keep agricultural agencies informed accordingly.

In setting up phenological stations, the plan was to establish them where there were meteorological stations, thereby providing the fundamental requisite for studying the influence of climatic conditions on plants and animals.

Although the Yugoslav phenological service has been organized according to international regulations, its main function is directed toward the needs of agriculture. The main items for study are farm plants, fruit trees, meadow grass, vineyards, wild plants and weeds, forest trees and bushes, plant diseases, insect pests, higher animals, birds, bees, inorganic phenomena, and general field work. The process of growth in cultivated plants is to be subjected to a particularly detailed study.

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